- (c) What is flow and non-flow process?
- (d) State Kelvin Plank's statement.
- (e) State the properties of ideal gas.
- (f) Distinguish heat transfer and work transfer.
- (g) Explain the use of sling psychomotor.
- (h) Name the improving methods for Rankine cycle.
- (i) Define Molar Mass.
- (j) What are the thermodynamics gradient?

Roll No.

Total Pages: 04

July-22-00230

B.Tech. EXAMINATION, 2022

Semester III (CBCS)

ENGINEERING THERMODYNAMICS (ME, AE) ME-303

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answer-book (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

Note: Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Sections A, B, C and D. Q. No. 9 is compulsory.

Section A

1. Explain the Zeroth law of thermodynamics and indicate how it helps to introduce the concept of temperature and provides a method for its measurement.

2. A room for four persons has two fans, each consuming 0.18 kW power, and three 100 W lamps. Ventilation air at the rate of 80 kg/h enters with an enthalpy of 84 kJ/kg and leaves with an enthalpy of 59 kJ/kg. If each person puts out heat at the rate of 630 kJ/h determine the rate at which heat is to be removed by a room cooler, so that a steady state is maintained in the room.

Section B

- Prove that a system which satisfies Kelvin Planck statement cannot violate Clausius statement or vice versa.
- 4. A refrigeration plant for a food store operates as a reversed Carnot heat engine cycle. The store is to be maintained at a temperature of 5°C and the heat transfer from the store to the cycle is at the rate of 5 kW. If heat is transferred from the cycle to the atmosphere at a temperature of 25°C, calculate the power required to drive the plant.

Section C

- 5. Describe the construction of temperature-entropy and Mollier diagrams. Explain the use and importance of Mollier diagram in practice.
- 6. A sample of steam from a boiler drum at 3 MPa is put through a throttliing calorimeter in which the pressure and temperature are found to be 0.1 MPa, 120°C. Find the quality of the sample taken from the boiler.

Section D

- Explain Otto cycle in detail. Derive the air standard efficiency of Otto cycle.
- 8. An engine equipped with a cylinder having a bore of 15 cm and a stroke of 45 cm operates on an Otto cycle. If the clearance volume is 2000 cm³, compute the air standard efficiency.

(Compulsory Question)

- 9. Write short notes on the following: $2 \times 10 = 20$
 - (a) What is adiabatic evaporative cooling?
 - (b) Explain the entropy principle.